**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS** 

Listing of claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

1. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material that has a

core metal of a flat ring shape and a friction material substrate cut into a segment shape along the

flat ring shape of the core metal, comprising the steps of:

processing an area around a cut portion corresponding to the segment shape of the friction

material substrate with a heat press compression forming;

cutting the cut portion of the friction material substrate into the segment shape after said

processing step, thereby preparing segment pieces each having the segment shape; and

joining by adhesion the segment pieces on one or both surfaces of the core metal along

the flat ring shape.

2. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material according

the claim 1, in which the processing step with the heat press compression forming is carried out

on only two sides as two straight lines of the cut portion of the segment shape of the friction

material substrate.

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3. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material according

the claim 1, in which the processing step with the heat press compression forming is carried out

on all four sides of the cut portion of the segment shape of the friction material substrate.

4. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material according to

claim 1, in which the processing step with the heat press compression forming is carried out

under a heating temperature of about 100 °C to about 350 °C.

5. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material according to

claim 1, in which the processing step with the heat press compression forming is carried out so

that a thickness of the friction material substrate after the heat press compression forming

becomes within a range of about 20% to about 95% of a thickness of the friction material

substrate in the wet-type segmented friction material as a finished product.

6. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material according

to claim 1, in which the processing step with the heat press compression forming is carried out so

that a thickness of the friction material substrate after the heat press compression forming

becomes substantially the same thickness of the friction material substrate in the wet-type

segmented friction material as a finished product.

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7. (Withdrawn) A manufacturing method of a wet-type segmented friction material according to claim 1, in which the processing step with the heat press compression forming is carried out so that a width of a compression portion of the friction material substrate after the heat press compression forming becomes about 0.1mm to about 2.0mm when the friction material substrate is cut into the segment shape.

8. (Currently Amended) A wet-type segmented friction material comprising:

a core metal of a flat ring shape[:]; and

a friction material substrate cut into a segment shape along the flat ring shape of the core metal, thereby preparing segment pieces each having the segment shape, the segment pieces being joined by adhesion on one or both surfaces of the core metal along the flat ring shape, an area around a cut portion corresponding to the segment shape of the friction material substrate being pressed and <a href="heat-compressed">heat-compressed</a> eompressed at two side <a href="sides">sides</a> as two straight lines of the cut portion or at all four sides of the cut portion when the friction material substrate is cut into the segment shape <a href="before being">before being</a> joined on the core metal, so that the area around the cut portion of each of the segment pieces defines a heat-compressed portion wherein components thereof are joined with each other by heating and compressing.

9. (Currently Amended) A wet-type segmented friction material comprising:

a core metal of a flat ring shape[:]; and

a friction material substrate cut into a segment shape along the flat ring shape of the core metal, thereby preparing segment pieces each having the segment shape, the segment pieces being joined by adhesion on one or both surfaces of the core metal along the flat ring shape, a gap as an oil groove being formed between adjacent segment pieces joined on the surface of the Amendment Serial No. 10/644,067

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core metal, a width at an outer peripheral opening of the gap being larger than a width at an inner

peripheral opening of the gap;

wherein each of the segment pieces has substantially a reversed trapezoidal shape with

four corners rounded or chamfered so that the oil groove is composed of an inner part, a center

part and an outer part aligned in a radial direction of the core metal, the center part being defined

between adjacent straight side lines of the adjacent segment pieces while the straight side lines

extend parallel to each other, the inner part being defined between adjacent inner rounded or

chamfered corners of the adjacent segment pieces so as to constitute the inner peripheral opening

of the gap and the outer part being defined between adjacent outer rounded or chamfered corners

of the adjacent segment pieces so as to constitute the outer peripheral opening of the gap.

10. (Original) A wet-type segmented friction material according to claim 9, in which the width at

the outer peripheral opening of the gap is about one and a half times as large as the width at the

inner peripheral opening of the gap.

11. (Original) A wet-type segmented friction material according to claim 9, in which the width at

the outer peripheral opening of the gap is about twice to about three times as large as the width at

the inner peripheral opening of the gap.

12. (Original) A wet-type segmented friction material according to claim 9, in which the

segment piece has a round shape formed at each of the four corners.

13. (Original) A wet-type segmented friction material according to claim 9, in which the segment

piece has a chamfered shape formed at each of the four corners.

14. (Cancelled)

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## 15. (New) A wet-type segmented friction material comprising:

a core metal of a flat ring shape; and

a friction material substrate cut into a segment shape along the flat ring shape of the core metal, thereby preparing segment pieces each having the segment shape, the segment pieces being joined by adhesion on one or both surfaces of the core metal along the flat ring shape,

wherein two opposite parts of said friction material substrate are pressed at two sides of two parallel lines defining a separation between a pressed and an unpressed area.

## 16. (New) A wet-type segmented friction material comprising:

a core metal of a flat ring shape; and

a friction material substrate cut into a segment shape along the flat ring shape of the core metal, thereby preparing segment pieces each having the segment shape, the segment pieces being joined by adhesion on one or both surfaces of the core metal along the flat ring shape,

wherein all four sides of said friction material substrate cut into the segment shape are pressed.

## 17. (New) A wet-type segmented friction material comprising:

a core metal of a flat ring shape; and

a friction material substrate cut into a segment shape along the flat ring shape of the core metal, thereby preparing segment pieces each having the segment shape, the segment pieces being joined by adhesion on one or both surfaces of the core metal along the flat ring shape, a gap as an oil groove being formed between adjacent segment pieces joined on the surface of the core metal, a width at an outer peripheral opening of the gap being larger than a width at an inner peripheral opening of the gap;

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wherein each of the segment pieces has a rectangular shape with a pair of curved opposite sides extending in a circumferential direction of the core metal and a pair of linear opposite sides extending in a radial direction of the core metal, the segment pieces are arranged at an interval of the gap while disposing the curved opposite sides along the circumferential direction of the core metal and the linear opposite sides along the radial direction of the core metal so that the oil groove has a V-shape aligned in the radial direction of the core metal.